

QU'APPELLE PROGRESS.

(Thursday, December 3, 1896.

THE NEWS OF THE DAY.

CONDENSED FOR BUSY PEOPLE.

Short and Interesting Paragraphs that Treat of Men and Things in a General Way.

Heavy snowfall is reported from Nova Scotia.

Two children were burned to death at Annapolis.

Archbishop Fabre, of Montreal, is seriously ill.

Michael Brennan, the Barry murderer, is starving himself to death.

Father Murphy of Montreal, has been arrested on a charge of swindling.

Fire at the Toronto exhibition grounds destroyed \$6,200 worth of buildings.

During the last two months diphtheria has increased in Ontario at a very rapid rate.

The Ontario government is about to erect a new sewer in Marmora district, Ont.

The Dominion government has decided to make no reduction in the rate of letter postage.

The cruiser Petrel has seized on Lake Erie thirty-five nets, the property of a Sandusky firm.

Joseph Archambault has been elected alderman for St. James ward, Montreal, by acclamation.

A milling and smelting plant is to be erected at Kat Portage specially for making mill tests of gold ores.

It is reported that the government will buy the Baie des Chaleurs railway and operate it as a branch of the I. C.

An assembly of Presbyterian divines at Toronto have condemned Ian MacLaren's book, "The Minds of the Master."

Application will be made at the next session of parliament for a charter for an electric railway from Wabigoon to Fort Frances.

General Gascoigne thinks that all officers of the permanent and active militia holding class A certificates should be granted brevet work.

The Montreal Ladies' Benevolent Society has received an anonymous gift of \$10,000 to their annual income, which is to be used for the maintenance of the inmates of the Ladies' Benevolent institution.

W. J. Griffin, of Ancaster township, Ont., farmer, has discovered a deposit of iron ore on his farm, which is pronounced by experts to be of excellent quality. A sample of the ore has been tested by the smelting works of Hamilton, and a trial order placed with Griffin at three dollars per ton.

William Spellman, a cripple who has been in Brockville jail since last June, attempted to burn the building. He devoted himself of all his clothing, even to his socks, piled them in a heap in his cell and set them on fire. He also tore off a piece of the side of a bench and placed it with the clothing. The fire was making good headway when discovered by the turnkey. It was quickly extinguished and Spellman was placed in the dark cell.

A PACIFIC DISASTER.

The Steamer San Benito Wrecked off the California Coast.

The steamer San Benito, bound from Tacoma to San Francisco, went ashore seven miles north of Point Arena, Cal., a few days ago. The steamer struck on a sand bar and broke in two. The San Benito carried forty-four men, and during the severe storm must have lost her bearings. The wind blew terrifically, and a heavy sea was running. The vessel struck about 1 o'clock in the morning, and an hour later broke, just after the smoke stack. Boats were lowered, but one capsized immediately, with five men in it, four men were drowned. Another boat with four of the crew capsized nine times, losing two men, by heroic measures reached the shore. Daylight found the rest of the crew clinging to the rigging. A boat was sent out and by great bravery and skillful seamanship her crew rescued seven men. In making a second trip the boat was almost swamped and was compelled to abandon all efforts on account of the great breakers washing over the wreck. At 4 o'clock in the afternoon a sailor jumped overboard and attempted to swim ashore with a life preserver and the man went down. The steamer Point Arena and Alcazar are off the wreck but can render no assistance until the sea calms. A passing steamer landed a gun at Point Arena and the line shot to the wreck as soon as possible. Both parts of the ship are fast in the sand fifty feet apart. The sailors claim the accident was on account of the fog horn not blowing.

WONDERS OF SURGERY.

Nerve of a Dog Transplanted in the Hand of a Partially Paralyzed Man.

The sciatic nerve of a dog has been transplanted to the wrist of a man in the hospital at Grand Rapids, Mich., with excellent results. The absolute success of the operation was just made known after the patient announced that he had had a sensation on his paralyzed hand over the mentioned nerve.

Six months ago, N. Graybiel, a saw mill laborer of Caledonia, a village a few miles from that city, was badly cut by a saw on the right wrist. When the wound had healed he was startled to learn that part of his hand became numb, paralyzed. This seemingly dead portion extended entirely through the little, the third and a part of the middle finger. In the palm of the hand it reached to the base of the thumb. The ulnar and the median nerves of the arm had been severed. The posterior and radial nerves supplied the route for the transmission of sensation to the other parts of the hand.

Mr. Graybiel was taken to Grand Rapids for treatment, and it was decided to operate on him and attempt the transplanting of the nerve of a live dog to the injured part. The patient was anesthe-

tized, and so was the dog on a table near him. In the man's wrist the incision was made, baring the wounded nerve and tendons. For the space of an inch and a half the median nerve was found to be terribly crushed and torn. With an electric current at either side the injured part still refused to convey sensation. It did not transmit any feeling for more than six months.

The bruised portion of the nerve was cut away and the ends were trimmed squarely. Then more than an inch and a half was turned out and the surgeons next turned to the dog. From the animal the sciatic nerve was removed and cut into a length corresponding to the piece removed from the man's wrist. It was about half the size of a lead pencil. It was laid next to that of the man, and to end, and two holes were bored in each, so that silk sutures might draw them together. A similar operation was performed on the ulnar nerve, after which the incision was closed. The straggling ends of the nerves had been hard to find, and the operation had consumed two hours.

In a week the patient was able to feel a slight sensation over the mended nerves. Then he announced complete control of the hand. The operation had been successful. It was performed by Dr. R. Peterson, of Grand Rapids, in the presence and with the assistance of House Physician Culp, of St. Mark's hospital, Dr. Grabiell, of Caledonia, and Dr. Hooker, of Grand Rapids.

The dog, a small black spaniel, died. Before it was rendered unconscious it was given eight grains of morphine to bring about a merciful end.

The case will be fully reported in the medical and scientific journals of the country by the physicians interested. Dr. Peterson is preparing an exhaustive treatise upon it. He anticipates in this discovery the remedy for many cases of partial paralysis. In this city, the furniture centre of the world, perhaps, there are many machine workers who have received injuries similar to that of Mr. Graybiel, and further experiments will be made at once for the purpose of determining how far the transplanting operation may be carried with success.

A WHIRL THROUGH SPACE.

Extraordinary Cyclone Experiences of a Texas Doctor.

On the afternoon of the Sherman, Tex., cyclone, Dr. W. F. Michael was making professional calls in the southwestern portion of the city. He had been to the Dulin home, had returned to where he left his horse hitched, and was driving southward through the cemetery, intending to pass out the gate on that side. The storm cloud loomed up before him just before he reached the south fence. He realized that it was driving toward him, and that, with a spirited horse, it was impossible to get out of the way. Springing from his buggy, he unfastened the traces, started the horse out of the shafts, and turned him loose. Then he began to run for a place of safety. He had gone 50 feet westward when it seemed to him that the cloud was going to strike the centre of the cemetery. So he turned and ran eastward towards the east fence. Just as he reached the fence and flung himself down the cloud came upon him.

"I heard a roaring sound," said Dr. Michael, "when the storm was two miles or so distant, but it was beyond the hills, and I didn't discover that I was right in the path of it until I reached the nearest hill, from a half to three-quarters of a mile south of me. It didn't resemble a funnel-shaped cloud. It looked to me like a great ball of vapor, rolling over and over towards me. When I first saw it distinctly at the hill it seemed to be about 250 yards wide and 100 feet high. The motion as it presented itself to me was that of a ball rolling over and over, and it seemed to him that the cloud was going to strike the centre of the cemetery. So he turned and ran eastward towards the east fence. Just as he reached the fence and flung himself down the cloud came upon him.

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"When the ball reached me I had got to the east fence of the cemetery and had thrown myself down beside it. All at once the bright daylight disappeared and I was in total darkness. The picket fence, post and rail, was lifted up and came down flat upon me. Then two trees fell on the fence. In a few seconds the trees went up in the air, the fence followed. I felt myself drawn up off the ground by some invisible force. I didn't lose consciousness. It was so dark I couldn't tell how high I went, but I was high enough to escape the monuments in the cemetery, and also the treetops, perhaps 40 feet from the ground. As I went along in the air I tried to keep an upright position, but couldn't. Something kept turning me over and over in one somersault after another. I passed almost over the cemetery before I struck the ground. I came down easily at an incline, just as if being lowered in the tail of the storm. But I was still moving along, and when I hit the ground I went over and over for at least 30 feet. The lessening force would raise me a little, and then let me back until at last I dropped into a hole just inside the north fence of the cemetery.

"I was conscious all of the time, until I stopped rolling and settled into that hole. After that I knew nothing more until people from town were about me. I must have been ten minutes at least that I lay in the hole until discovered. My best friends didn't recognize me. From head to foot I was covered with mud. My hair was plastered down with it. 'Don't you know me?' I asked of the men who I had met daily for years.

"The could identify me only by my voice. I was able to walk. At first it didn't seem to me that I was much hurt, but after a while I discovered that I was bruised from head to foot. When I was up in the air it seemed as if some things were poking at me all of the time. They must have been the boards and other flying wreckage. Before the ball reached me I could see on the outer edge of it objects whirling with it. But when I was in the cloud I could see nothing. I had passed from bright light to complete darkness."

Dublin—The members tell me that Fawcett is one of the best members of the Rockrib Athletic Association. Wabigoon—Why, he's no athlete! Dublin—That's true, but then, he pays his dues regularly."

WONDERFUL NEW LIGHT.

A Fresh Invention of Great Value in Naval Manoeuvres in War.

Quite recently there has been brought out by the French navy a mysterious device known as "la ratiere," or the "rat trap light." It is a thing of small dimensions and is placed on the deck of the vessel. It throws out an electric light that can only be discovered dead ahead. La ratiere is constructed as follows: A square box has within it at one end a concave mirror, in front of which is adjusted an arc light. The light is focussed upon a plano convex lens placed midway of the length of the box, so that the rays of light are projected through a silvered tube as a bundle of parallel rays.

By the sides of the outer end of the silvered tube are placed two prisms, one of red and the other of green glass, through which a portion of the light passes in divergent rays. At a distance of several miles the light of a ratiere appears as a small point and consequently difficult of detection to those not knowing the quarter in which to look for it. Its detection is thus reduced to a minimum, as it can only be seen within a radius of a few feet at such distance.

The use of the red and green rays is for the purpose of enabling the vessel for whom the signal is intended to know in which direction to steer so as to come within the zone of white light should the white ray disappear. By means of this invention night signals can be made when flashlights and rockets might be useless or liable to betray the position of the fleet to the enemy. It can also be used as a guide to a squadron in line with all other lights out, in dangerous latitudes, as it cannot be seen either to the right or left, but only dead ahead or dead astern. The French admiralty attaches great importance to this light, and has taken extraordinary precautions to guard it against discovery.

RELIEF IN SIX HOURS.

Geo. Seales, a Well-Known Contractor of Niagara Falls, Completely Restored by the Great South American Kidney Cure—Thousands More Can Hear the Same Testimony.

I was a great sufferer for years with acute kidney disorder and pain in my sides. When almost all other known remedies had been fairly tried and had failed, I was induced to take South American Kidney Cure. One bottle did me no much good I purchased two more. I am now completely restored—feel better than I have for five years. It is a great cure; will give relief in six hours, and I delight in recommending it to others.

Sage-man—That waiter's hand always reminds me of a racehorse shortly after the beginning of a race." Seeser—And for what reason, pray? Sage-man—Because it's on the quarter stretch.

MIRACLES TO-DAY.

William H. White, of Portuguese Cove, Backed by the Tortures of Rheumatism, is Quickly Relieved and Permanently Cured by the Great South American Rheumatic Cure.

"I was a martyr to acute rheumatism for years. All the known remedies and best doctors were given a trial, but nothing ever gave me any permanent relief until I obtained your great South American Rheumatic Cure. It has done so much for me that I gladly give my testimony, that other sufferers from the agonies of rheumatism may take my advice and try this great remedy. I am satisfied it will cure them as it has me."

Shivering passenger—"Why don't you have a fire in these cars, conductor?" Conductor (with frigid dignity)—"We expect the heat of the campaign to warm these cars up!"

I CAN'T SLEEP.

Is the Daily Wail of Thousands of Humanly Who Have Suffered as You. Frontfoot, of Huntsville has—Read What the Great South American Nervine Did for Him.

I was greatly troubled with general nervous debility, indigestion and sleeplessness. I tried a number of cures and consulted best physicians without any benefit. I was finally induced to give South American Nervine a trial. I had heard of some great cures by it. I took it, got relief from my sufferings, and after using one bottle sweet sleep came to me. I slept like a child. Six bottles have completely cured me.

"I've cured my wife's insomnia." "How did you do it?" "Had the maid get up and ring the rising bell in the middle of the night."

Tobacco Heart.

Much heart and weak nervousness is caused by undue use of tea, coffee or tobacco; palpitation, nervousness, irritability, excitability, lack of confidence, etc., are some symptoms. Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills bring instant relief, by steadying the nerves and regulating the heart. They are a true heart and nerve food.

Little sister (studying her grammar lesson)—How can you compare the words "beautiful girl?" Big brother (absent-mindedly)—Positive, you call; comparative, you propose, superlative, she accepts.

One Every Night.

One Laxa-Liver Pill taken each night during 30 days will cure Constipation, after-retaining Headaches and irregular action of the bowels. Laxa-Liver Pills leave no unpleasant after effect.

Judge—What is the charge against this prisoner? Policeman—He stole a wheel, your honor. Judge—What make?

Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry cures Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Colic, Cramps, Cholera, Cholera Infantum, Cholera Morbus and all summer complaints and fluxes of the bowels in children or adults.

"My wife was rather worried when I left her this morning." "What was the trouble?" "Well, she had been worrying about something or other last night, and this morning she couldn't remember what it was."

Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry cures Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Colic, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and all localities of the bowels. Never travel without it. Price 35c.

IN THE SHADOW OF DEATH.

THE CONDITION OF MANY YOUNG GIRLS IN CANADA.

Fades Faces and Bloodless Lips—Given to Headaches—Extreme Weakness, Heart Palpitation and Other Distressing Symptoms—The Means of Cure Readily at Hand.

From the Leamington Post.

The attention of the Post has lately been frequently called to a remarkable cure in the case of a young girl living within a few miles of this town, whose life was despaired of, but who was completely cured in a short space of time by the most wonderful of all remedies Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Since reading in almost every issue of the Post of the cures effected by the use of this medicine we felt it a duty we owed to investigate this case which has so urgently been brought to our notice, and we are sure the interview will be read with interest by the thousands of young girls all over Canada, as well as by the parents of such interesting patients. The young lady in question is not anxious for notoriety, but



is willing to make her case known in order that others who are similarly afflicted may have an opportunity of being equally benefited. The symptoms in her disease differed in no way from those affecting thousands of young girls about her age. She was suffering from extreme weakness caused from an impoverished condition of the blood, and her chances of life seemed to grow less every day. The best and brightest faded away as well as others, but when we see a young girl of sixteen years, who should be in the best of health, with cheeks as white as the row flush of youth, and eyes bright and shining, just the opposite, with sallow cheeks, bloodless lips, listless in every motion, despairing of life with no expectation or hope of regaining health, and with only one wish left, that of complete rest, mental and physical, we think it one of the saddest of sights.

In the quiet little hamlet of Strangfield, in Essex county, just such a case was presented to the sorrowing eyes of loving friends a few months ago in the person of Miss Ella Beacon, who frequently said she did not care how a son she died, as life had no charms for her. To our reporter she declared that life had been a burden, but after suffering in this way for months, and after trying all sorts of remedies prescribed by physicians or furnished by friends from some cherished recipe handed down from their grandmother, but without being benefited in the least, she was at last persuaded by a neighbor to give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a fair trial; but she had tried so many remedies without getting relief, that she still refused for some weeks. However, after repeated urgings by her parents and friends she began the use of the pills. Before one box was taken she experienced some relief, and after the use of a few more boxes she was restored to perfect health, and there are few young girls now who enjoy life more. She says she owes her life and happiness to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and is willing that all the world should know it. Her case attracted much attention and her recovery created much comment.

The facts above related are important to parents, as there are many young girls budding into womanhood whose condition is, to say the least, more critical than their parents imagine. Their complexion is pale and waxy in appearance, troubled with heart palpitation, headaches, shortness of breath on the slightest exercise, faintness and other distressing symptoms which invariably lead to a premature grave unless prompt steps are taken to bring about a natural condition of health. In this emergency no remedy yet discovered can supply the place of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which build anew the blood, strengthen the nerves and restore the glow of health to pale and sallow cheeks. They are a certain cure for all troubles peculiar to the female system, young or old. Pink Pills also cure such diseases as rheumatism, neuralgia, partial paralysis, locomotor ataxia, St. Vitus's dance, nervous headache, nervous prostration, the after effects of a gripe, influenza and severe colds, diseases depending on humors of the blood, such as scurvy, chronic erysipelas, etc. In the case of men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork or excesses of any nature.

"Now boys," said the new school teacher, "I want you to be so quiet that you can hear a pin drop." There was a cavernous silence for a second, then a voice in the rear muttered, "Now then, let her drop!"

Constipation Cured.

GENTS.—I was in very poor health for over four years; the doctor said it was constipation. Not wanting to spend too much cash, I got three bottles of E. B. B. and took it regularly. I can certify that I am now in the best of health and feel very grateful to E. B. B.

ALFRED TERROUX, Montreal, Que.

She—Dear me. Why don't they teach choruses to sing intelligibly? It is so aggravating to be unable to distinguish the words. He—You don't know your lark. I've read the libretto.

As Well as Ever.

DEAR SIRS.—After suffering for two years from acute indigestion, I tried B. B. B. I took only three bottles, which made me as well as ever I was. I highly recommend B. B. B. to all dyspeptics.

Mrs JOHN WHITE, Austin, Man.

ADAM'S GINGER BEER.

For Making a Delicious Health Drink at Small Cost.

Receipt—Adam's Root Beer Extract . . . one bottle
Fleischmann's Yeast one half to one cake
Sugar two pounds
Cream of Tartar one half ounce
Lukewarm water two gallons

Dissolve the sugar, cream of tartar and yeast in the water, add the extract, and bottle; place in a warm place for twenty-four hours until it ferments, then place on ice, when it will open sparkling, cool and delicious.

The ginger beer can be obtained in all drug and grocery stores in 10 cent bottles to make two gallons.

Acquaintance—"How much do you pay your typewriter?" Humorist—"Twenty-five dollars a week." Acquaintance—"Isn't that rather a high salary?" Humorist—"Well, Yee; but you see, she has to write out all my jokes."

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WILD STRAWBERRY
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IT IS A SURE CURE
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system, all the impuri-
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the secretions; at the
same time Correcting
Acidity of the
Stomach, curing Bili-
ousness, Dyspepsia,
Headaches, Dizziness,
Heartburn, Constipation,
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Skin, Dropsy, Dim-
ness of Vision, Jaun-
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and General Debility;
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THE WESTERN WORLD.

ITEMS SHORT AND INTERESTING.

A Resume of the Events of the Week—Prominent People, Their Sayings and Doings.

Behring sea claims commission has begun sittings at Victoria.

Barthelemy, accused of defrauding the Northwest government of \$700, has been acquitted.

The hearing of the Winnipeg election protest has again been postponed until Dec. 13 or 14.

New South Wales has ordered 40,000 barrels of flour from Lake of the Woods Milling company.

Two cars of ranch horses from the Calgary district have been exported to Belgium, where there is said to be a promising market for that class of horses.

Marcus Wolfe, of Nanaimo, B. C., a prominent citizen and insurance agent, shot and killed himself a few days ago. Business complications are supposed to be the cause.

A report is in circulation that Al-mighty Voice, the Indian murderer of Sgt. Colebrook, has been located in the far north and that the police have been dispatched to bring him.

The Calgary Herald says that a number of cattle in Alberta are affected with lumpy jaw. It complains that the police have not the authority to slaughter the cattle affected, and no provision is made for compensation to the owners. The Herald is not aware that in Calgary itself effective remedies for lumpy jaw are sold. Range cattle are not so easily handled as domestic animals, but they need not be killed if an effort is made to cure them in time.

Wm. Moreby, warden of the penitentiary at New Westminster, B. C., died the other week after a short illness of inflammation of the lungs. The late Mr. Moreby will be remembered as the governor of the provincial jail at New Westminster, in which capacity he made a reputation for himself as one of the most skillful detectives of crime in that province. He was only recently appointed warden of the penitentiary, and gave promise of many years of useful activity in that position. He leaves a wife and young family.

The Montreal Star publishes an interview with George G. Pfender, an old miner of thirty years experience, who has been on every camping ground on the Pacific coast. He thinks British Columbia offers the greatest inducement of them all. He says the permanency of Roosevelt is unquestioned now, as the deeper down the mines are opened, the richer the veins. He says that the larger mines will be obliged to have their own large reduction works, which will employ directly and indirectly, anywhere from 200 to 1,000 men each. He thinks Roosevelt, within fifteen months will have a population of 25,000.

A poor fellow who now lies at the Kamloops hospital has paid rather dearly for a free ride which he took on the C. P. R. He perched himself in front of the baggage car and in this position rode from Revelstoke to Kamloops. On arrival he went to the round house, and discovering that his feet were frozen, in order to thaw them out, plunged them into a bucket of hot water. The man's sufferings soon became intense and he was taken to the hospital. The doctors say he will lose both feet from the ankle down. It will be a week or ten days before the amputation can take place. He says he comes from the Eastern States and has been in Kootenai.

ON THE ISLAND OF CRETE.

History of Father Malecos, Leader of the Present Insurrection.

The island of Crete, which is just now engaging the attention of the powers for its insurrection against the rule of the Turk, might be described as the Cuba of the Moslems. A third of the area, but the largest and most remote of the Grecian Archipelago, its long narrow outlines, indented with bays and lying in the track of the Mediterranean trade, conforms in situation to the gem of the Antilles. It has been called the garden of Greece because of its perpetual fertility and perennial greenness. Greek mythology was born with Zeus on "Mayaountain Ida," whose snow-clad peak overlooks the plain of Messara.

For 200 years now, since 1667, when the island passed from under Venetian rule, Crete has lain under the heel of the Moslems. A large number of the inhabitants embraced Mohammedanism to escape persecution. In 1821, when the Greek rebellion broke out, the island revolted, only to be given to Egypt when Greece secured independence. In 1830 it was restored to the Sultan, and in 1859 and 1866 revolutions broke out, which served to inform Europe of the atrocities practiced by the masters of the unfortunate island. A constitutional movement was then given it and the province nominally enjoyed exceptional privileges among Turkish provinces. That the Turk never reforms or ceases to persecute the Christian is sufficiently well known without this latest uprising to prove it.

In all these insurrections, as in Cuba, the leading part has been taken by the mountaineers, a race harder than the dwellers of the plains, who from the inaccessible nature of the high hills have always enjoyed a partial independence. They are the lineal descendants of the ancient Cretans with no admixture. A curious proof of this is found in their still wearing high boots, a fashion noticed by very ancient writers as unknown to the Greeks. Father Malecos, the leader of the present insurrection, is one of these native Cretans, and retains many ancient peculiarities.

He is a priest of the Greek faith at Trochiana, a mountain village near Vannos. When the trouble began in 1889, the sign of martial law by the Moslem was established and Christian civilization threatened. Fr. Malecos took a prominent part. He threw aside his sacred vestments, and donning the mountaineer dress took the Bible in one hand and his ancient rifle in the other and became a scourge to the unrepentable Turks, warring holy war on them. The government sought him in vain, the peasantry everywhere hiding him and facilitating his escape. At the end of the war he was granted amnesty, but this he has refused, and he has lived the precarious hunted life of an outlaw for seven years. He went once to Athens with nine rifles,

which represented that number of Albanian Turks he had slain. When he returned he seized a Turkish guard and took away his rifle, saying: "I shall not kill you, you are not worth it. Just say to the pasha that Fr. Malecos has returned from Greece, and here is a coin for your pains."

When the revolutionary committee was formed last year Fr. Malecos hastened to Vannos with a list of his mountain contingent. He led this body of followers at the siege of Vannos, where he was saluted as Priest Menelik on account of his bravery.

With such a leader as this the Cretans were bound to win the attention of Europe. He has shown that the autonomy supposed to have been secured to the island thirty years ago was merely nominal, in order to silence criticism and disarm suspicion, while under cover of the protectorate the atrocities committed were actually increased. Their absolute independence is practically insured, and Fr. Malecos will become the liberator of the home of the Greek myth and the home calendar of gods who laid their hands on the breast of Mother Ida ere they died.

Charles Edwards' "Letters from Crete," published a few years ago, are extensively quoted as portraying with accuracy the peculiarities of life on the island. The hotels or inns are very primitive. Meals are served in the kitchen by a native waiter, whose belt, according to the fashion of the country, is decorated with pistols and knives. This war-like equipment is employed to intimidate the landlord rather than the patron. Mr. Edwards confesses that, had it not been for the belligerent attitude assumed by the waiter towards his employer, on more than one occasion he had gone hungry. The octopus and cuttlefish are Cretan delicacies. Brown mussels and a small pink fish served in olive oil and lemon juice constitute the principal sea food. The cuttlefish is cooked in the most abominable butter to be found anywhere on the globe. When it is to be eaten the one bone of oval shape is removed, and the creature collapses, and its sepia colored liquid mingles with the butter, forming an indescribable nasty compound. The octopus is even more repulsive. It is cooked in the same way as the cuttlefish. Its flesh is a smooth, whitish brown material, closer than a lobster's. It has all the elasticity, toughness and capacity of resistance of a piece of India rubber, and is quite as tasteless. Sea urchins about as large as one's fist, the shell covered with spines, are also a favorite comestible. The flesh is hardly more delicate than that of the octopus. Domestic service is performed mainly by men called Kavasses. They are tall, well made, with prodigious moustaches, hooked noses and piercing eyes. They are invariably equipped with two or three pistols or knives, thrust into their belts frequently met, with a bundle of dirk lined pouch on the top of the head, on the way to the laundry. Marking at Crete is a trying experience. Vendors invariably ask two or three times the price that they ultimately accept. The patience and the temper of the purchasers are frequently strained to the explosive point before a bargain is concluded. The best living is to be found at the more important monasteries. The monks mingle with visitors, and are by no means backward in responding to the toast drunk by the latter in the famous wines for which these establishments are noted.

HIDDEN TREASURE.

The Incas' ransom hidden S. somewhere on the Peruvian Mountains.

Adventurers who seek more gold, without reference to art, should turn to Peru. To begin with, the remainder of the Incas' ransom is buried somewhere in the mountains between Caxamarca and Cuzco. We may confidently assume that it has not been discovered, for if put into circulation in Europe the money market would have been convulsed, whereas the finders would have no reason for keeping the secret had they got safely away to Europe. As for the evidence of deposit, there is Pizarro's official report that his comrades would not wait until the celebrated room was full. They were too impatient to murder their captive, though they knew that the bullion levied upon the temple at Cuzco was on its way, transported by 100,000 llamas, each carrying 100 pounds of purest gold. The figure is not incredible, seeing how much remained when the conquistadores sacked Cuzco. News of the murder reached that precious caravan in the mountains; forthwith the price is buried their gold and returned. Every one concerned with the expedition was concerned to be identified, was tortured to death, but none would speak. Such is the contemporary account. But we observe that Sir Clements Markham, president of the Royal Geographical Society, obtained some information during his memorable expedition. He states, as if it were well known in the neighborhood, that the caravan left the highway at a spot now called Azanjaru—a name which people derive from the Indian "Azian caran," meaning "more distant." "Away from the road" cried the priest. "Further away." One always feels the strongest reluctance to accept derivations of a place name from a spoken word. But it is not impossible nor improbable that in the course of centuries some hint of a secret which must be known to many Indians should have leaked out. This clue does not carry one far, however, among the peaks and caverns of the Andes, even if it be trustworthy.

A Railroad for Alaska.

Articles of incorporation of the Pioneer railroad for Alaska has been filed in Seattle, Wash. The incorporators are A. B. Stewart, Maurice McKicken and Constantine L. Webb. It is called the Pacific and Arctic railway. It is proposed to make the route commencing at a point at the head of the Lynn canal, Shikagway bay, thence to Summit lake, which will do away with the greatest hardship incident to the trip into the Yukon. It is also the intention of the corporation to run boats on Summit lake and the upper portion of the Yukon, so that supplies can be carried to the gold mining regions. The capital stock is placed at \$1,000,000.

A dispatch from Valley City, N. D., says: A man and woman recently registered at an hotel there as Mr. Owens and wife, New Rochester, have been found dead in their room, clasped in each other's arms. Prussic acid had been taken. They left money for their burial and a note which said: "Though separated in life we are one in death; make no enquiries as to us."

THE NEWS IN GENERAL.

The Incidents of the World Around us Briefly Portrayed.

Antonio Maceo, Cuban leader, is reported killed.

Italian immigration for South America is increasing.

The great tenor singer Campanini, died recently at Paris.

The sugar industries in the West Indies is in a critical condition.

Lady Scott has been sued by her son-in-law, Earl Russell, for libel.

London, Eng., is agitated over the inefficiency of the water supply.

After many years of absence, salmon are found in the Delaware river.

The Japanese government will spend \$20,000,000 in earthquake investigation.

A new line of steamships between New Orleans and Calais is being planned.

The legislature of Vermont has defeated a woman's suffrage bill by a vote of 135 to 89.

It is rumored that there is a break in the friendly relations between France and Germany.

Christmas is the title of the latest addition to the Maine postoffice. It is in Lincoln county.

A meteorite which fell in Australia recently had a mass of pure copper imbedded in one side.

Fifty Armenians are condemned to hang in Constantinople shortly, and great excitement prevails.

Scandal has arisen in Rome among the head officials of the public departments accused of boodling.

It is reported that many natives of the Fiji islands are being sold like sheep for \$5 to \$10 each.

The long drought in India, has at last been broken, rain having fallen in many of the parched districts.

Two sisters, aged 74 and 86, killed themselves in a hand to hand fight at London, England, recently.

George W. Ferris, who conceived and built the world's Ferris wheel, died a few days ago in Pittsburgh, Pa., of typhoid fever.

The great rail trust of the United States has collapsed, and a consequence the price of rails has been greatly reduced.

The Spanish government has instructed General Weyler to defeat Maceo in Pinar del Rio province before returning to Havana.

A Mint expert man bet his wife against \$200 that Bryan would be elected. He lost, and the wife is quite agreeable to the transfer.

A great new German company has been formed, with a capital of \$3,000,000, to establish iron works and a railway engine factory in southern Russia.

A Singapore dispatch to the London Times says that the Spaniards have been defeated by the insurgents of the Philippines, with a loss of three hundred.

A Wisconsin land improvement company, with a main irrigation canal 20 feet wide and six feet deep, has reclaimed twenty-five square miles of good farming land in the Mustang Lake region.

Dr. Jameson, the leader of the Transvaal raid, who at present is serving a sentence in H. B. J. jail, London, Eng., is in a very grave condition the result of a recent operation.

At a public meeting of the citizens of St. Paul, Minn., it was decided to have an ice palace and winter carnival this season. The affair is to be on a grand scale, and to eclipse everything yet attempted in that line.

C. J. Reinhart, a carpenter of San Francisco, tired of carrying on a hand to hand existence in America, is trying to raise a body of men to carry on a novel scheme. The plan is for 50 men to put up \$25 each with which to buy a schooner and sail to some island in the south Pacific ocean, where no inhabitants are left but dusky bellies, and there to form a republic on the co-operative plan. He says, as it is, in the south seas the islands support the natives with very little work.

The outlook is that Helena, Mont., will not have a police force after Dec. 1st. Trouble has been brewing for some time, and the city council has taken no steps to counteract the promised strike. The police are going to quit because the warrants they are paid in, are not worth 5 cents on the dollar. Helena is head over heels in debt, and some of its paper is not worth anything, even to its own citizens, who refuse to accept it for services rendered.

Officers of the Topeka Choritable Institution have made the remarkable statement that there are over 400 deserted wives in that city. Every day adds to the list of deserted or divorced women who appeal for work or solicit funds with which to buy bread for themselves and help their children. This is a city of 35,000 inhabitants. The divorce mill in Topeka, Kansas, is running on steadily. Every week divorces are being granted to men and women, incompatibility of temper being the general charge.

Editor Brann, of the Waco, Texas, Iconoclast offers \$500 "for the blessed privilege of looking for five minutes at the most beautiful woman in the world." He is prepared to travel to any part of the world to see her. The Winnipeg Free Press says: It will only be necessary for him to buy a ticket for Winnipeg. She is here by the score, and it will not cost him a cent to see her. Contestants must be between 17 and 37. That is one respect in which Winnipeg ladies have the advantage over all the rest of creation. They are equally beautiful at all ages.

THE DAUPHIN RAILWAY.

One Hundred Miles of Track are Now Complete.

The last spike in this year's construction of the Dauphin road has been driven. The road has now been completed 100 miles north of Gladstone. This is sixteen miles beyond the town of Dauphin. According to all reports the town is booming and in a most peculiar manner. While the road was being constructed the two rival towns, Lake Dauphin and Garmore, which are four miles apart, made strong bids for the line, each urg-

ing that it should receive the benefit of being the headquarters of the railway. The contractors could not decide, so survey a transverse between the two towns, about an equal distance from each. Their contest was no sooner learned than the inhabitants of both towns made a rush for the new location. Both Lake Dauphin and Garmore were moved bodily to the new town, Dauphin. The buildings were first moved on rollers, but when the snow came skids were used, and the houses rushed over in great haste.

The most peculiar part of the whole matter was that business was in no way interrupted while the process of moving was in operation. The Dauphin hotel started on its two mile journey on rollers, but the snow covered the ground before it had gone far and the rollers had to be replaced by skids. This seriously delayed the work and the journey lasted seven days. During this time the business of the house was thriving. Rooms were at a premium, and the servants attended to their household duties as usual. Stores were moved in the same way. A farmer would overtake a navigating grocery store and after tying his horse to it would go in and make his purchases. The horse would follow the building, and when the purchase was completed the storekeeper would throw off the tow line and the two would part company. When a hotel was perambulating across the prairie, a railroad man stepped aboard to have some light refreshments, and left his fur garments on the bar. He did not notice his loss for over an hour and then had to walk a mile to overtake the hotel. The English churches of Garmore and Lake Dauphin were drawn together and made into one church. What the congregations save by requiring only one clergyman pays the cost of transportation and joining. The buildings are now in shape and forty of them are bunched together on the town site, which was put on the market on Oct. 7th.

GEN. WEYLER HEARD FROM.

Expresses Something Decisive by the New Year.

The Madrid correspondent of the London Standard says that the government has instructed Captain General Weyler that it is expedient for reasons of internal and domestic politics that he should not return to Havana until he has achieved something decisive against Maceo in Pinar del Rio. This correspondent adds that the plan is therefore to clear the provinces of Havana, Matanzas and Santa Clara sufficiently to protect their tobacco and sugar crops and to make a final effort next winter to pacify the eastern provinces.

The first definite pronouncement from Captain General Weyler since he has taken the field in person in Pinar del Rio was secured by the correspondent of the London Standard at Jaca, near San Cristobal the other day. General Weyler asserted that he was highly pleased with the results of his campaign in Pinar del Rio so far. He announced he expected to remain to conduct active operations in Pinar del Rio province for fifteen or twenty days longer, adding, "Wait until Christmas. By that date we shall have dealt a mortal blow to the revolution."

When asked the present whereabouts of Antonio Maceo, General Weyler replied that he was southwest of the railway line and that he always avoided an engagement with the Spanish troops even when he occupied an advantageous position.

In closing the interview General Weyler praised the deportment of the troops in their campaign. Province of Matanzas, deploring the engine, using and burning the cars. A passenger train which followed, was fired upon, and the passengers threw themselves on the floor. A lady and five gentlemen and a fireman were wounded.

United States Senator William Lindsey, a strong administration man, expects decisive action on the part of Congress regarding Cuba at the approaching session. In an interview he says: "The revolution now in progress in Cuba must result in the independence of the island, or in practical extermination of the Cuban people. Humanity demands this useless destruction of property and cruel waste of human life should come to an end. If negotiations with Spain does not avail, then there should be intervention. In this movement the United States must take the lead."

A Wonderful Painting.

The chief attraction in London this week is an exhibition at the Goupil gallery of M. Dagnan Bonver's remarkable painting, "The Last Supper," which was seen in the salon of the Champ de Mars last summer. It follows the traditional composition in the grouping of the Saviour and the twelve apostles, and involves no sacrifice of the reverential spirit of Leonardo de Vinci's conception of the scene. It combines the best methods of the modern French school, with the medieval religious spirit, and is like an old master, without taint of stain, and with a glorious richness of coloring. The Saviour stands in an attitude of supreme dignity, holding the cup in His hand, while around Him are seated the apostles with awe-struck faces, gazing intently on Him. The painting is remarkable for the management of the light which is centered upon the figure of the Saviour, and also for the study of individual expression in the faces of the apostles. Reverence and awe are denoted by every face, but there is something characteristic in the method of expression in each instance. The central figure is luminous with gentleness, humanity and love, but is thoroughly human, and wanting, if anything, in inherent strength. Divinity is suggested indirectly by the effect produced upon the group by His commanding presence and the attitude of devotion and reverence which it inspires in His followers' faces.

A Raging River.

News has just reached Seattle, Wash., from Skykomish, on the Great Northern railway, to the effect that the Skykomish river has jumped its bank in many places, invading the homes of the ranchers. One instance is given where a woman waded half a mile to escape the rising water. Houses have been swept away, big trees, fences and other movable objects being carried off. A man named Baker came sailing down the Skykomish the other day on a tree, while near him crouched a big black bear. Near the town of Skykomish, Mrs. Saunders saw a bear on a floating tree and shot it dead and secured the carcass.

WHAT WILL SPAIN SAY.

Capt. Gen. Weyler Returns to Havana Without Defeating the Insurgents.

A dispatch to the New York World from Jacksonville, Florida, says: A cipher cablegram to Havana to a Cuban leader here says General Weyler has been forced to return to Havana, and the city is in a great confusion. Weyler gives no excuse it is said, except that it is too hot and unhealthy to do any fighting. It is openly asserted in Havana that Weyler became frightened because Maceo set a price upon his head or capture. Weyler's scouts also informed him Maceo might make an attempt on Havana, and the Spanish general has retreated in hot haste to the protection of his palace. It is also stated in the cablegram that Weyler's recall is assured now, as the Spanish government is increased against him for dilatory tactics. "The Cubans here are jubilant, for they think this will have a favorable effect upon the United States congress."

The dispatch from Jacksonville, Florida, reciting the cipher telegram has been received in Havana, which states that General Weyler was driven to return to Havana through fear, is discredited at Washington. The Spanish view of the return of General Weyler is entirely different. This, it is explained, would be true in any place at a time of war. Again, it is pointed out. General Weyler was not only commander of the troops, but governor, general of Cuba, and in Havana there is a lot of official business needing attention. It is stated in the campaign just made Weyler has been in the stronghold of the insurgents, and passed through many towns, and destroyed their supplies. From the Spanish point of view, the war department has resolved itself into chasing small bands of insurgents about the country, and it would be absurd for the captain-general to place himself at the head of one company or another of these troops, and follow the straggling bands of insurgents from one cover to another. General Campos was quite severely criticized because he abandoned himself from Havana for such long periods. As to the assertion that General Weyler says it is too hot to fight, it is said the rainy season has yet ended in Cuba, and the movement of troops is still very difficult. From a Spanish standpoint there is nothing discouraging in the return of General Weyler.

The unexpected arrival at Havana of Captain-General Weyler from the province of Pinar del Rio without being successful in bringing about an engagement of any importance with the insurgents under Antonio Maceo, is causing considerable comment, and many rumors are in circulation. One side asserts that Weyler's return means that he will shortly return to Spain on some plea or another. Officially, this is denied. An impression prevails that there will be more important changes shortly.

The correspondent in the field of La Lucha had an interview with the captain-general previous to the latter's arrival at Havana from Artemisa and Martel, and it is gathered from the captain-general's quotation he may not resume personal charge of operations against the insurgents in Pinar del Rio. The captain-general, asked for an expression of opinion as to the course of the campaign, and said: "We entered Cuba, hoping to give battle to the combined insurgent force, and you know they went southward, much to our regret. Maceo himself went towards Mocurris, Mavari and Corajado Yaguis. Nevertheless our columns and two divisions, arrived without firing a single shot and only saw a band of about 150 insurgents in the woods near San Luis." The captain-general when asked if he knew the whereabouts of Antonio Maceo at present, he answered: "His whereabouts is not known. The truth is that the insurgents were not found in the mountains nor on the plains. Nevertheless they boast that our troops always fly before them." Speaking of the operations since leaving Havana the captain-general explained that he had been all over the mountains, and camped several miles in the woods. He said the result was most satisfactory, although we have not finished our work. But enough has been done until the end of the year. I am now going back to Havana."

In insurgent circles it is said their leaders claim the return of Captain General Weyler to Havana without bringing about an engagement with the insurgents is equivalent to a defeat of the Spanish forces, for the latter have completely failed to carry out the program mapped out by the Spanish commander and returned in every way unsuccessful. It is asserted that the plan of Antonio Maceo was to avoid a serious engagement with the Spanish troops as he feels confident that the wearisome campaign being conducted by the insurgents must in the long run exhaust the Spaniards and bring about a state of affairs which must result in a truce and a concession to the demands of the insurgents.

THE MICA MINES OF B. C.

Official Report of Mr. A. S. Gross on this Valuable Mineral.

A. S. Gross, an experienced mining man of Seattle, was in charge last summer of a party that went north to explore the mica deposits existing at Tete Jaune Cache. His opinion of them is extremely favorable as will be seen from the following:

"I arrived at the mines August 23rd, and set all hands to work preparing for the opening of the cut. After clearing out the drift of snow we commenced to take out mica blocks. We found the overhead wall cracked and carrying stained water, which dripped over the face of the mica and caused iron rust to permeate the blocks, but as we worked away from the wall the quality of the blocks improved. But for the coal giving out I believe we could have secured first-class mica in large quantities."

"In fact we left the face of the cut situated with mica blocks so thick that it was impossible to use or insert a drill without destroying some mica. Although a slide, yet the indications were of such permanency that I believe it would take months before it could be worked out. The space left where the slide occurred is now covered with debris from the glacier above, leaving the main vein visible to the naked eye for two miles. The width I should judge to be from 30 to 60 feet on all the main veins. The croppings, samples of which I now have, were taken from one of the three veins I examined that I believe is fully 40 feet wide. This is the vein that I should have cut and opened had I been prepared to remain, but lack of coal and provisions compelled me to break camp after a stay

of 15 days. The location for a new camp at the last named vein is a most excellent one both from a standpoint of convenience to fuel and water as well as from a vantage ground and nearness of word from camp."

"The trail which is now almost impassable and is over 300 miles from Kamloops, can be made first-class and more accessible by a reasonable outlay and reduced to about 150 to 175 miles. Work at the mines should be carried on all winter after shelter is provided for the men."

"I believe a better class of mica could be secured from the main vein after cross-cutting it than anything so far found in the side from which the mica came now in your possession."

A Convention of 40,000 Expected.

The Rev. Dr. Stone, of Nashville, and Dr. Shell, of Chicago, are at present in Toronto, making preliminary arrangements for the holding of the big Epworth League convention next July, stated at the meeting of the ministerial association that between 30,000 and 40,000 people will visit Canada in connection with the convention. Committees will be formed to further arrangements for the housing of visitors.

President McKinley will be invited to attend the convention of the International Epworth League in Toronto next July, to reply to the address of welcome to be delivered by Lord Aberdeen.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

TIME TABLE—Taking effect on Sunday May 3, 1896.

MAIN LINE.					
N. Bound.			S. Bound.		
Read Up.	Read Down.		Read Up.	Read Down.	
STATIONS.					
12:30 p.m.	2:45 p.m.		12:30 p.m.	2:45 p.m.	
1:30 p.m.	3:45 p.m.	Winnipeg	12:30 p.m.	2:45 p.m.	Winnipeg
2:30 p.m.	4:45 p.m.	Portage Junction	1:30 p.m.	3:45 p.m.	Portage Junction
3:30 p.m.	5:45 p.m.	St. Charles	2:30 p.m.	4:45 p.m.	St. Charles
4:30 p.m.	6:45 p.m.	St. Cloud	3:30 p.m.	5:45 p.m.	St. Cloud
5:30 p.m.	7:45 p.m.	St. James	4:30 p.m.	6:45 p.m.	St. James
6:30 p.m.	8:45 p.m.	St. Paul	5:30 p.m.	7:45 p.m.	St. Paul
7:30 p.m.	9:45 p.m.	St. Louis	6:30 p.m.	8:45 p.m.	St. Louis
8:30 p.m.	10:45 p.m.	St. Joseph	7:30 p.m.	9:45 p.m.	St. Joseph
9:30 p.m.	11:45 p.m.	St. Mary	8:30 p.m.	10:45 p.m.	St. Mary
10:30 p.m.	12:45 a.m.	St. Ignace	9:30 p.m.	11:45 p.m.	St. Ignace
11:30 p.m.	1:45 a.m.	St. Anthony	10:30 p.m.	12:45 a.m.	St. Anthony
12:30 a.m.	2:45 a.m.	St. Boniface	11:30 p.m.	1:45 a.m.	St. Boniface
1:30 a.m.	3:45 a.m.	St. Cloud	12:30 a.m.	2:45 a.m.	St. Cloud
2:30 a.m.	4:45 a.m.	St. James	1:30 a.m.	3:45 a.m.	St. James
3:30 a.m.	5:45 a.m.	St. Paul	2:30 a.m.	4:45 a.m.	St. Paul
4:30 a.m.	6:45 a.m.	St. Louis	3:30 a.m.	5:45 a.m.	St. Louis
5:30 a.m.	7:45 a.m.	St. Joseph	4:30 a.m.	6:45 a.m.	St. Joseph
6:30 a.m.	8:45 a.m.	St. Mary	5:30 a.m.	7:45 a.m.	St. Mary
7:30 a.m.	9:45 a.m.	St. Ignace	6:30 a.m.	8:45 a.m.	St. Ignace
8:30 a.m.	10:45 a.m.	St. Anthony	7:30 a.m.	9:45 a.m.	St. Anthony
9:30 a.m.	11:45 a.m.	St. Boniface	8:30 a.m.	10:45 a.m.	St. Boniface
10:30 a.m.	12:45 p.m.	St. Cloud	9:30 a.m.	11:45 a.m.	St. Cloud
11:30 a.m.	1:45 p.m.	St. James	10:30 a.m.	12:45 p.m.	St. James
12:30 p.m.	2:45 p.m.	St. Paul	11:30 a.m.	1:45 p.m.	St. Paul
1:30 p.m.	3:45 p.m.	St. Louis	12:30 p.m.	2:45 p.m.	St. Louis
2:30 p.m.	4:45 p.m.	St. Joseph	1:30 p.m.	3:45 p.m.	St. Joseph
3:30 p.m.	5:45 p.m.	St. Mary	2:30 p.m.	4:45 p.m.	St. Mary
4:30 p.m.	6:45 p.m.	St. Ignace	3:30 p.m.	5:45 p.m.	St. Ignace
5:30 p.m.	7:45 p.m.	St. Anthony	4:30 p.m.	6:45 p.m.	St. Anthony
6:30 p.m.	8:45 p.m.	St. Boniface	5:30 p.m.	7:45 p.m.	St. Boniface
7:30 p.m.	9:45 p.m.	St. Cloud	6:30 p.m.	8:45 p.m.	St. Cloud
8:30 p.m.	10:45 p.m.	St. James	7:30 p.m.	9:45 p.m.	St. James
9:30 p.m.	11:45 p.m.	St. Paul	8:30 p.m.	10:45 p.m.	St. Paul
10:30 p.m.	12:45 a.m.	St. Louis	9:30 p.m.	11:45 p.m.	St. Louis
11:30 p.m.	1:45 a.m.	St. Joseph	10:30 p.m.	12:45 a.m.	St. Joseph
12:30 a.m.	2:45 a.m.	St. Mary	11:30 p.m.	1:45 a.m.	St. Mary
1:30 a.m.	3:45 a.m.	St. Ignace	12:30 a.m.	2:45 a.m.	St. Ignace
2:30 a.m.	4:45 a.m.	St. Anthony	1:30 a.m.	3:45 a.m.	St. Anthony
3:30 a.m.	5:45 a.m.	St. Boniface	2:30 a.m.	4:45 a.m.	St. Boniface
4:30 a.m.	6:45 a.m.	St. Cloud	3:30 a.m.	5:45 a.m.	St. Cloud
5:30 a.m.	7:45 a.m.	St. James	4:30 a.m.	6:45 a.m.	St. James
6:30 a.m.	8:45 a.m.	St. Paul	5:30 a.m.	7:45 a.m.	St. Paul
7:30 a.m.	9:45 a.m.	St. Louis	6:30 a.m.	8:45 a.m.	St. Louis
8:30 a.m.	10:45 a.m.	St. Joseph	7:30 a.m.	9:45 a.m.	St. Joseph
9:30 a.m.	11:45 a.m.	St. Mary	8:30 a.m.	10:45 a.m.	St. Mary
10:30 a.m.	12:45 p.m.	St. Ignace	9:30 a.m.	11:45 a.m.	St. Ignace
11:30 a.m.	1:45 p.m.	St. Anthony	10:30 a.m.	12:45 p.m.	St. Anthony
12:30 p.m.	2:45 p.m.	St. Boniface	11:30 a.m.	1:45 p.m.	St. Boniface
1:30 p.m.	3:45 p.m.	St. Cloud	12:30 p.m.	2:45 p.m.	St. Cloud
2:30 p.m.	4:45 p.m.	St. James	1:30 p.m.	3:45 p.m.	St. James
3:30 p.m.	5:45 p.m.	St. Paul	2:30 p.m.	4:45 p.m.	St. Paul
4:30 p.m.	6:45 p.m.	St. Louis	3:30 p.m.	5:45 p.m.	St. Louis
5:30 p.m.	7:45 p.m.	St. Joseph	4:30 p.m.	6:45 p.m.	St. Joseph
6:30 p.m.	8:45 p.m.	St. Mary	5:30 p.m.	7:45 p.m.	St. Mary
7:30 p.m.	9:45 p.m.	St. Ignace	6:30 p.m.	8:45 p.m.	St. Ignace
8:30 p.m.	10:45 p.m.	St. Anthony	7:30 p.m.	9:45 p.m.	St. Anthony
9:30 p.m.	11:45 p.m.	St. Boniface	8:30 p.m.	10:45 p.m.	St. Boniface
10:30 p.m.	12:45 a.m.	St. Cloud	9:30 p.m.	11:45 p.m.	St. Cloud
11:30 p.m.	1:45 a.m.	St. James	10:30 p.m.	12:45 a.m.	St. James
12:30 a.m.	2:45 a.m.	St. Paul	11:30 p.m.	1:45 a.m.	St. Paul
1:30 a.m.	3:45 a.m.	St. Louis	12:30 a.m.	2:45 a.m.	St. Louis
2:30 a.m.	4:45 a.m.	St. Joseph	1:30 a.m.	3:45 a.m.	St. Joseph
3:30 a.m.	5:45 a.m.	St. Mary	2:30 a.m.	4:45 a.m.	St. Mary
4:30 a.m.	6:45 a.m.	St. Ignace	3:30 a.m.	5:45 a.m.	St. Ignace
5:30 a.m.	7:45 a.m.	St. Anthony	4:30 a.m.	6:45 a.m.	St. Anthony
6:30 a.m.	8:45 a.m.	St. Boniface	5:30 a.m.	7:45 a.m.	St. Boniface
7:30 a.m.	9:45 a.m.	St. Cloud	6:30 a.m.	8:45 a.m.	St. Cloud
8:30 a.m.	10:45 a.m.	St. James	7:30 a.m.	9:45 a.m.	St. James
9:30 a.m.	11:45 a.m.	St. Paul	8:30 a.m.	10:45 a.m.	St. Paul
10:30 a.m.	12:45 p.m.	St. Louis	9:30 a.m.	11:45 a.m.	St. Louis
11:30 a.m.	1:45 p.m.	St. Joseph	10:30 a.m.	12:45 p.m.	St. Joseph
12:30 p.m.	2:45 p.m.	St. Mary	11:30 a.m.	1:45 p.m.	St. Mary
1:30 p.m.	3:45 p.m.	St. Ignace	12:30 p.m.	2:45 p.m.	St. Ignace
2:30 p.m.	4:45 p.m.	St. Anthony	1:30 p.m.	3:45 p.m.	St. Anthony
3:30 p.m.	5:45 p.m.	St. Boniface	2:30 p.m.	4:45 p.m.	St. Boniface
4:30 p.m.	6:45 p.m.	St. Cloud	3:30 p.m.	5:45 p.m.	St. Cloud
5:30 p.m.	7:45 p.m.	St. James	4:30 p.m.	6:45 p.m.	St. James
6:30 p.m.	8:45 p.m.	St. Paul	5:30 p.m.	7:45 p.m.	St. Paul
7:30 p.m.	9:45 p.m.	St. Louis	6:30 p.m.	8:45 p.m.	St. Louis
8:30 p.m.	10:45 p.m.	St. Joseph	7:30 p.m.	9:45 p.m.	St. Joseph
9:30 p.m.	11:45 p.m.	St. Mary	8:30 p.m.	10:45 p.m.	St. Mary
10:30 p.m.	12:45 a.m.	St. Ignace	9:30 p.m.	11:45 p.m.	St. Ignace
11:30 p.m.	1:45 a.m.	St. Anthony	10:30 p.m.	12:45 a.m.	St. Anthony
12:30 a.m.	2:45 a.m.	St. Boniface	11:30 p.m.	1:45 a.m.	St. Boniface
1:30 a.m.	3:45 a.m.	St. Cloud	12:30 a.m.	2:45 a.m.	St. Cloud
2:30 a.m.	4:45 a.m.	St. James	1:30 a.m.	3:45 a.m.	St. James
3:30 a.m.	5:45 a.m.	St. Paul	2:30 a.m.	4:45 a.m.	St. Paul
4:30 a.m.	6:45 a.m.	St. Louis	3:30 a.m.	5:45 a.m.	St. Louis
5:30 a.m.	7:45 a.m.	St. Joseph	4:30 a.m.	6:45 a.m.	St. Joseph
6:30 a.m.	8:45 a.m.	St. Mary	5:30 a.m.	7:45 a.m.	St. Mary
7:30 a.m.	9:45 a.m.	St. Ignace	6:30 a.m.	8:45 a.m.	St. Ignace
8:30 a.m.	10:45 a.m.	St. Anthony	7:30 a.m.	9:45 a.m.	St. Anthony
9:30 a.m.	11:45 a.m.	St. Boniface	8:30 a.m.	10:45 a.m.	St. Boniface
10:30 a.m.	12:45 p.m.	St. Cloud	9:30 a.m.	11:45 a.m.	St. Cloud
11:30 a.m.	1:45 p.m.	St. James	10:30 a.m.	12:45 p.m.	St. James
12:30 p.m.	2:45 p.m.	St. Paul	11:30 a.m.	1:45 p.m.	St. Paul
1:30 p.m.	3:45 p.m.	St. Louis	12:30 p.m.	2:45 p.m.	St. Louis
2:30 p.m.	4:45 p.m.	St. Joseph	1:30 p.m.	3:45 p.m.	St. Joseph
3:30 p.m.	5:45 p.m.	St. Mary	2:30 p.m.	4:45 p.m.	St. Mary
4:30 p.m.	6:45 p.m.	St. Ignace	3:30 p.m.	5:45 p.m.	St. Ignace
5:30 p.m.	7:45 p.m.	St. Anthony	4:30 p.m.	6:45 p.m.	St. Anthony
6:30 p.m.	8:45 p.m.	St. Boniface	5:30 p.m.	7:45 p.m.	St. Boniface
7:30 p.m.	9:45 p.m.	St. Cloud	6:30 p.m.	8:45 p.m.	St. Cloud
8:30 p.m.	10:45 p.m.	St. James	7:30 p.m.	9:45 p.m.	St. James
9:30 p.m.	11:45 p.m.	St. Paul	8:30 p.m.	10:45 p.m.	St. Paul
10:30 p.m.	12:45 a.m.	St. Louis	9:30 p.m.	11:45 p.m.	St. Louis
11:30 p.m.	1:45 a.m.	St. Joseph	10:30 p.m.	12:45 a.m.	St. Joseph
12:30 a.m.	2:45 a.m.	St. Mary	11:30 p.m.	1:45 a.m.	St. Mary
1:30 a.m.	3:45 a.m.	St. Ignace	12:30 a.m.	2:45 a.m.	St. Ignace
2:30 a.m.	4:45 a.m.	St. Anthony	1:30 a.m.	3:45 a.m.	St. Anthony
3:30 a.m.	5:45 a.m.	St. Boniface	2:30 a.m.	4:45 a.m.	St. Boniface
4:30 a.m.	6:45 a.m.	St. Cloud	3:30 a.m.	5:45 a.m.	St. Cloud
5:30 a.m.	7:45 a.m.	St. James	4:30 a.m.	6:45 a.m.	St. James
6:30 a.m.	8:45 a.m.	St. Paul	5:30 a.m.	7:45 a.m.	St. Paul
7:30 a.m.	9:45 a.m.	St. Louis	6:30 a.m.	8:45 a.m.	St. Louis
8:30 a.m.	10:45 a.m.	St. Joseph	7:30 a.m.	9:45 a.m.	St. Joseph
9:30 a.m.	11:45 a.m.	St. Mary	8:30 a.m.	10:45 a.m.	St. Mary
10:30 a.m.	12:45 p.m.	St. Ignace	9:30 a.m.	11:45 a.m.	St. Ignace
11:30 a.m.	1:45 p.m.	St. Anthony	10:30 a.m.	12:45 p.m.	St. Anthony
12:30 p.m.	2:45 p.m.	St. Boniface	11:30 a.m.	1:45 p.m.	St. Boniface
1:30 p.m.	3:45 p.m.	St. Cloud	12:30 p.m.	2:45 p.m.	St. Cloud
2:30 p.m.	4:45 p.m.	St. James	1:30 p.m.	3:45 p.m.	St. James
3:30 p.m.	5:45 p.m.	St. Paul	2:30 p.m.	4:45 p.m.	St. Paul
4:30 p.m.	6:45 p.m.	St. Louis	3:30 p.m.	5:45 p.m.	St. Louis
5:30 p.m.	7:45 p.m.	St. Joseph	4:30 p.m.	6:45 p.m.	St. Joseph
6:30 p.m.	8:45 p.m.	St. Mary	5:30 p.m.	7:45 p.m.	St. Mary
7:30 p.m.	9:45 p.m.	St. Ignace	6:30 p.m.	8:45 p.m.	St. Ignace
8:30 p.m.	10:45 p.m.	St. Anthony	7:30 p.m.	9:45 p.m.	St. Anthony
9:30 p.m.	11:45 p.m.	St. Boniface	8:30 p.m.	10:45 p.m.	St. Boniface
10:30 p.m.	12:45 a.m.	St. Cloud	9:30 p.m.	11:45 p.m.	St. Cloud
11:30 p.m.	1:45 a.m.	St. James	10:30 p.m.	12:45 a.m.	St. James
12:30 a.m.	2:45 a.m.	St. Paul	11:30 p.m.	1:45 a.m.	St. Paul
1:30 a.m.	3:45 a.m.	St. Louis	12:30 a.m.	2:45 a.m.	St. Louis
2:30 a.m.	4:45 a.m.	St. Joseph	1:30 a.m.	3:45 a.m.	St. Joseph
3:30 a.m.	5:45 a.m.	St. Mary	2:30 a.m.	4:45 a.m.	St. Mary
4:30 a.m.	6:45 a.m.	St. Ignace	3:30 a.m.	5:45 a.m.	St. Ignace
5:30 a.m.	7:45 a.m.	St. Anthony	4:30 a.m.	6:45 a.m.	St. Anthony
6:30 a.m.	8:45 a.m.	St. Boniface	5:30 a.m.	7:45 a.m.	St. Boniface
7:30 a.m.	9:45 a.m.	St. Cloud	6:30 a.m.	8:45 a.m.	St. Cloud
8:30 a.m.	10:45 a.m.	St. James	7:30 a.m.	9:45 a.m.	St. James
9:30 a.m.	11:45 a.m.	St. Paul	8:30 a.m.	10:45 a.m.	St. Paul
10:30 a.m.	12:45 p.m.	St. Louis	9:30 a.m.	11:45 a.m.	St. Louis
11:30 a.m.	1:45 p.m.	St. Joseph	10:30 a.m.	12:45 p.m.	St. Joseph
12:30 p.m.	2:45 p.m.	St. Mary	11:30 a.m.	1:45 p.m.	St. Mary
1:30 p.m.	3:45 p.m.	St. Ignace	12:30 p.m.	2:45 p.m.	St. Ignace
2:30 p.m.	4:45 p.m.	St. Anthony	1:30 p.m.	3:45 p.m.	St. Anthony
3:30 p.m.	5:45 p.m.	St. Boniface	2:30 p.m.	4:45 p.m.	St. Boniface
4:30 p.m.	6:45 p.m.	St. Cloud	3:30 p.m.	5:45 p.m.	St. Cloud
5:30 p.m.	7:45 p.m.	St. James	4:30 p.m.	6:45 p.m.	St. James
6:30 p.m.	8:45 p.m.	St. Paul	5:30 p.m.	7:45 p.m.	St. Paul
7:30 p.m.	9:45 p.m.	St. Louis	6:30 p.m.	8:45 p.m.	St. Louis
8:30 p.m.	10:45 p.m.	St. Joseph	7:30 p.m.	9:45 p.m.	St. Joseph
9:30 p.m.	11:45 p.m.	St. Mary	8:30 p.m.	10:45 p.m.	St. Mary
10:30 p.m.	12:45 a.m.	St. Ignace	9:30 p.m.	11:45 p.m.	St. Ignace
11:30 p.m.	1:45 a.m.	St. Anthony	10:30 p.m.	12:45 a.m.	St. Anthony
12:30 a.m.	2:45 a.m.	St. Boniface	11:30 p.m.	1:45 a.m.	St. Boniface
1:30 a.m.	3:45 a.m.	St. Cloud	12:30 a.m.	2:45 a.m.	St. Cloud
2:30 a.m.	4:45 a.m.	St. James	1:30 a.m.	3:45 a.m.	St. James
3:30 a.m.	5:45 a.m.	St. Paul	2:30 a.m.	4:45 a.m.	St. Paul
4:30 a.m.	6:45 a.m.	St. Louis	3:30 a.m.	5:45 a.m.	St. Louis
5:30 a.m.	7:45 a.m.	St. Joseph	4:30 a.m.	6:45 a.m.	St. Joseph
6:30 a.m.	8:45 a.m.	St. Mary	5:30 a.m.	7:45 a.m.	St. Mary
7:30 a.m.	9:45 a.m.	St. Ignace	6:30 a.m.	8:45 a.m.	St. Ignace
8:30 a.m.	10:45 a.m.	St. Anthony	7:30 a.m.	9:45 a.m.	St. Anthony
9:30 a.m.	11:45 a.m.	St. Boniface	8:30 a.m.	10:45 a.m.	St. Boniface
10:30 a.m.	12:45 p.m.	St. Cloud	9:30 a.m.	11:45 a.m.	St. Cloud
11:30 a.m.	1:45 p.m.	St. James	10:30 a.m.	12:45 p.m.	St. James
12:30 p.m.	2:45 p.m.	St. Paul	11:30 a.m.	1:45 p.m.	St. Paul
1:30 p.m.	3:45 p.m.	St. Louis	12:30 p.m.	2:45 p.m.	St. Louis
2:30 p.m.	4:45 p.m.	St. Joseph	1:30 p.m.	3:45 p.m.	St. Joseph
3:30 p.m.	5:45 p.m.	St. Mary	2:30 p.m.	4:45 p.m.	St. Mary
4:30 p.m.	6:45 p.m.	St. Ignace	3:30 p.m.	5:45 p.m.	St. Ignace
5:30 p.m.	7:45 p.m.	St. Anthony	4:30 p.m.	6:45 p.m.	St. Anthony
6:30 p.m.	8:45 p.m.	St. Boniface	5:30 p.m.	7:45 p.m.	St. Boniface
7:30 p.m.	9:45 p.m.	St. Cloud	6:30 p.m.	8:45 p.m.	St. Cloud
8:30 p.m.	10:45 p.m.	St. James	7:30 p.m.	9:45 p.m.	St. James
9:30 p.m.	11:45 p.m.	St. Paul	8:30 p.m.	10:45 p.m.	St. Paul
10:30 p.m.	12:45 a.m.	St. Louis	9:30 p.m.	11:45 p.m.	St. Louis
11:30 p.m.	1:45 a.m.	St. Joseph	10:30 p.m.	12:45 a.m.	St. Joseph
12:30 a.m.	2:45 a.m.	St. Mary	11:30 p.m.	1:45 a.m.	St. Mary
1:30 a.m.	3:45 a.m.	St. Ignace	12:30 a.m.	2:45 a.m.	St. Ignace
2:30 a.m.	4:45 a.m.	St. Anthony	1:30 a.m.	3:45 a.m.	St. Anthony
3:30 a.m.	5:45 a.m.	St. Boniface	2:30 a.m.	4:45 a.m.	St. Boniface
4:30 a.m.	6:45 a.m.	St. Cloud	3:30 a.m.	5:45 a.m.	St. Cloud
5:30 a.m.	7:45 a.m.	St. James	4:30 a.m.	6:45 a.m.	St. James
6:30 a.m.	8:45 a.m.	St. Paul	5:30 a.m.	7:45 a.m.	St. Paul
7:30 a.m.	9:45 a.m.	St. Louis	6:30 a.m.	8:45 a.m.	St. Louis

Give the Baby a Chance

The only food that will build up a weak constitution gradually but surely is

Martin's Cardinal Food

a simple, scientific and highly nutritive preparation for infants, delicate children and invalids.

KERRY WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS, MONTREAL.

IN APPROPRIATE OBSERVATORY.

Reading of the thermometer for the week ending Tuesday, Nov. 24, 1896.

	Maximum.	Minimum.
Wednesday, Nov. 25	-1	-5
Thursday, Nov. 26	-1	-10
Friday, Nov. 27	-10	-23
Saturday, Nov. 28	-14	-25
Sunday, Nov. 29	-16	-27
Monday, Nov. 30	-15	-30
Tuesday, Dec. 1	-9	-27

WIND DIRECTION AND VELOCITY.

	5 A.M.	1 P.M.	6 P.M.
Wednesday	NE 6	SE 4	SE 6
Thursday	SE 16	SE 20	SE 24
Friday	SW 3	SW 12	W 2
Saturday	W 2	SW 18	W 6
Sunday	W 3	W 6	W 12
Monday	calm	SW 4	SW 6

Local and General

—“Sop ‘er up” opens tonight.

—Wood is still conspicuous by its absence.

—Wheat registered 65c for No 1 on the market to-day.

—J. A. McLean, registrar of land titles, Calgary, is dead.

—To-day the weather moderated and the householder can let up a little on the woodpile.

—The gleeson girl may now glide o’er the glistening ice. The rink opens tonight.

—Mr. E. C. Boyce started up his chopper near the mill this week. See advt. elsewhere.

—The Vernon football club purpose holding a dance in Edgeley hall on the 10th inst.

—Mr. W. Mack returned from St. Boniface hospital this week much improved in health.

—Jas. McMillan & Co.’s monthly hide and fur circular for November may be consulted at this office.

—Dr. Size, Dentist, of Regina will be at the Leland Hotel, Qu’Appelle, on December, 14 and 15.

—Mr. W. L. Waite of the C.P.R. has rented the house lately occupied by Wm. Smith, advocate.

—A young man named Toppin, of Gilbert Plains, was shot to death by the accidental discharge of a rifle in his hands.

—Mr. W. J. Davidson, McLean’s energetic wheat buyer, was in town Tuesday night. He says wheat is coming in freely at McLean.

—For the twelfth succeeding year the Prince of Wales has been nominated for the office of Grand Master of English Mark Master Masons.

—The receipts of wheat at the Fort William and Port Arthur elevators for last week were 499,000 bushels; shipments, 130,000, in store 207,000.

—On the 25th of December the Methodist Christmas tree will be in evidence, when the children and those of larger growth will spend a right merry time, as is always the case on these joyous occasions.

—The re-opening of Knox church takes place on Sunday. On Monday evening a tea and general good time entertainment takes place in the town hall. Rev. A. Carmichael and others will deliver addresses.

—Following the promotion of Mr. E. W. Warner from Qu’Appelle to Winnipeg are various changes among the C.P.R. agents. W. L. Waite goes to Qu’Appelle, and will be succeeded at Indian Head by A. McAlonon, of Wolsley. Mr. McAlonon leaves shortly for his new post, and will be succeeded at Wolsley by Mr. Terry, late night operator at Regina.

—We have lately received from the Nott Publishing Co. of Winnipeg their German Almanac for 1897. The production is admirably set up in every respect; its bright pink cover encloses 63 nearly printed pages full of useful and instructive matter that cannot fail, we predict, to attract general notice, but more especially among natives of the Fatherland who have become settlers in Canada and the North-West, as the publication is not only useful calendar for 1897, but is also intended to serve as a guide for German settlers, containing as it does important information about

A Chance to Make Money.

I have made \$1,640 clear money in 87 days and attended to my household duties besides, and I think this is doing splendid for a woman inexperienced in business. Anyone can sell what everyone wants to buy, and every family wants a Dish Washer. I don't canvass at all; people come or send out sells two or three more, as they do the work to perfection. You can wash and dry the dishes in two minutes. I am going to devote my whole time to this business now and I am sure that I can clear \$5,000 a year. My sister and brother have started in the business and are doing splendid. You can get complete instructions and hundreds of testimonials by addressing the Iron City Dish Washer Co., Station A, Pittsburg, Pa., and if you don't make lots of money it's your own fault.

Mrs. W. H.

the country of their adoption; it is government lands and laws. We understand that 4,000 copies are being circulated among the German people in Canada.

—Reductions in freight rates from points in Eastern Canada to Northern Pacific terminals in the United States and British Columbia have been announced.

—At the Central Experimental farm, Ottawa, a series of experiments has been started in feeding cattle for beef. It is proposed to test the fattening properties of several classes of fodder, and the results will be published for the information of stock raisers.

MARRY THIS GIRL, SOMEBODY.

I have been reading in your paper about a certain man and woman that have been very successful in selling self-heating stoves, and I concluded I would see what a girl could do. I have worked 12 days and have sold 151 stoves and have \$218 left after paying all expenses. Everybody is delighted with the iron and I sell one almost every place I show it, as people think they can't afford to be without one as they save so much fuel and time and don't burn the clothes. I know I can clear \$5,000 a year. How is that for a girl.

A. GRADY.

Splendid, my girl, splendid! You are a true American girl. Anyone can get complete information about the self-heating stove by addressing J. F. CASEY & CO., St. Louis, Mo. It seems to be a winner as everybody selling it writes in its praise.

—Messrs. Joyner & Elkington, proprietors of the Qu’Appelle Valley flour mills, Fort Qu’Appelle, shipped two carloads of their famous brands of flour to Montreal this week from Qu’Appelle Station, also a carload to Grenfell. These mills, established in 1884, turn out a very high grade of flour for home and foreign markets, do gisting and chopping. The energetic proprietors are thoroughly up-to-date in milling and deservé the patronage of the farmers in the surrounding districts.

—The bunch of cattle brought to town on Sunday last from Touchwood were in a pitiable condition. Feed, it appears, having run out where they had been placed for the winter, necessitated their prompt removal, and they arrived in Qu’Appelle, as above stated, in a sad and sorry plight, the hair (and skin in some cases) having been completely shaved from their legs up to and beyond the knee, by the frozen snow they had to break their way at almost every step on their long and necessarily slow journey.

—A London dispatch says, Earl Elgin, viceroy of India, telegraphs to the government that the rain is too late to be of much benefit to the autumn crop, but is in time for late sowing. Prices, he says, show a tendency to fall, though the fall effect is not yet apparent. The condition of the people is good and the pressure upon them due to prices rather than to the failure of crops. Since the rain prices have fallen 20 to 50 per cent in the northern districts.

—“Lyons Fuel Saver and Heat Radiator” has proved to be a very welcome addition to the ordinary stove pipe of which it takes the place of one length, and produces or rather retains, a large amount of heat; in addition to this it is said to save 40 per cent of wood or coal. The late extremely cold weather, with the unpleasant prospect of fuel running short, additional heat at a less cost cannot fail to be acceptable to many, and those persons who think of trying this paragon heat radiator should lose no time in con-

PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

How the Dipper Saved the Farm.

Father was sick and the mortgage on the farm was coming due. I saw in the Christian Advocate where Miss A. M. Fitz of Station A, St. Louis, Mo., would send a sample combination dipper for 18 two-cent stamps, and I ordered one. I saw the dipper could be used as a fruit jar filler, a pump dipper, a fine strainer, a funnel, a strainer funnel, a sick room warming pan and a pump measure. These are different uses in case the dipper such a necessary article that I went to work with it and I sold it very near every house, and I four months I paid off my mortgage. I think I cleared as much as \$21,000.00. If you need work you can do by doing this a trial. Miss A. M. Fitz, Station A, St. Louis, Mo., will send you a sample for 18 two-cent stamps—write at once.

JOHN G. N.

suiting our local agent, Mr. A. H. B. Sperling.

—Inspector Routhledge of the N.W.M.P., Calgary, has been selected for special patrol duty in the north.

—In the matter of Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine.

BURTON MORRIS.

UNSOLICITED TESTIMONY:

ASTHMA FOR YEARS.

“I have suffered very severely from asthma for over twenty years,” says R. G. Moore, of Hamilton, Ont. “I ventured away from home for a few days and I was afraid I would suffocate at times. A short time ago I found it necessary to go to Paris, Ontario, on business. On the way my old enemy attacked me with great severity. As soon as I got to Paris I went to Armstrong's drug store and I bought a bottle. It relieved my asthma, and although I have been away from home several times since, I experienced no more trouble. I regard my quarter as well spent, and intend to send some more after it.”

STRAYED.

FROM ROSE HILL, QU'APPELLE.

Station, about the first of Oct., two horses. One a sorrel colt coming 1 year old, small white star on forehead, white hind feet; the other a chestnut, white stripe on face, grey patch on hip. Any one giving information leading to their recovery will be suitably rewarded.

J. P. CREMER, V.S., Qu'Appelle Station.

NEW STOCK

—OF—

FURNITURE

Lounges, Chairs, Window Shades, Etc.,

Have begun to arrive.

CALL AND SEE US.

FULL STOCK OF

+ OATMEAL +

OGILVIES' AND

FORT QU'APPELLE

+ FLOUR +

Oats, Bran, Etc.

G. H. V. BULYEA

FARM LANDS FOR SALE.

The North-West Lands of the Estate of the late W. R. THISTLE, comprising

4,000 ACRES

Of Valuable Improved

FARM PROPERTY

ARE NOW OFFERED FOR SALE ON

Most Reasonable Terms.

For full particulars apply to

A. D. DICKSON,

BARRISTER,

QU'APPELLE

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For information and free blank order cards to SUBSCRIBE, apply to the Scientific American, 415 Broadway, New York.

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STOVE FOR SALE

COAL STOVE—GREAT BARGAIN

For particulars apply at this office.

WAGHORN'S GUIDE AT BOOKSTORES

Patents

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For information and free blank order cards to SUBSCRIBE, apply to the Scientific American, 415 Broadway, New York.

Scientific American Agency for

TRADE MARKS, DESIGN PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, etc.

September 6,576 * **Sworn** * 11,689 October

Bottles. 18265 BOTTLES IN TWO MONTHS. Bottles.

DR. CHASE'S SYRUP OF LINSEED AND TURPENTINE

Total Sales for Month of September 6,576 Bottles, and October 11,639, and Published Hereunder is the Affirmation of It:

In the matter of Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine.

BURTON MORRIS.

UNSOLICITED TESTIMONY:

ASTHMA FOR YEARS.

“I have suffered very severely from asthma for over twenty years,” says R. G. Moore, of Hamilton, Ont. “I ventured away from home for a few days and I was afraid I would suffocate at times. A short time ago I found it necessary to go to Paris, Ontario, on business. On the way my old enemy attacked me with great severity. As soon as I got to Paris I went to Armstrong's drug store and I bought a bottle. It relieved my asthma, and although I have been away from home several times since, I experienced no more trouble. I regard my quarter as well spent, and intend to send some more after it.”

A BANKER'S EXPERIENCE.

“I tried a bottle of Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine for a troublesome affection of the throat,” writes Manager Thomas Dawson, of the Standard Bank, now of 11 Melbourne avenue, Toronto. “It proved very effective. I regard the remedy as simple, cheap and exceedingly good. It has hitherto been my habit to consult a physician in troubles of this nature. Hereafter, however, I intend to be my own family doctor.”

A CROUPY COUGH.

“My little boy had a bad croupy cough,” says Mrs. Smith, of 26 Bathurst street, Toronto. “My neighbor, Mrs. Hopkins, recommended me to try Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine. I did so, and the first dose did him good. One bottle completely cured the cough. It is surprising the popularity of Chase's Syrup. It appears to me it can now be found in every house.”

PROVED MOST EFFECTIVE.

“I used Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine for severe throat trouble,” writes Mrs. Hopkins, of 26 Bathurst street, Toronto. “It proved most effective. I regard it as one of the best household remedies there is. It is easy and pleasant to take and drives out the cold with surprising celerity.”

Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine

soothes and heals the affected parts, relieves the over-charged membrane, relieves congestion of the air passages; arrests the progress of fever and inflammation. It is prepared from the finest elements and expectorants from the prescriptions of Dr. Chase, and is specially effective in Croup.

CHILDREN JUST LOVE IT. At All Drugists **25 CENTS.**

Lyons' Fuel Saver & Heat Radiator

Takes the place of a length of either 5 or 6 inch pipe on your stove; saves 40 per cent of wood or coal. Can be placed either up or down stairs, wherever you want it.

Cold Houses Made Warm

Saves its price in a very short time.

W. M. KENNEDY & CO., REGINA, ASSA.

A. H. B. SPERLING, Local Agent.

J. A. Lidgate, DEALER IN Lumber, Shingles, Lath, Doors, Windows, Mouldings, Building Paper, Etc., at Lowest Prices

Granby Rubbers

It is no wonder that rubbers, which are not the same shape as the boot, should be uncomfortable. It costs money to employ skilled pattern makers but the result is a satisfactory fit. Each year new patterns are added, to fit all the latest shoe shapes, and Granby Rubbers are always up-to-date. They are honestly made of pure rubber, thin, light, elastic, durable, extra thick at ball and heel.

Don't Draw the Feet They Fit the Boot

Dressmaking Merchant & Tailors

IF YOU WANT A GOOD FITTING SUIT OF CLOTHES, CALL ON

J. H. Brethauer & Co.,

Who have got THE BEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE Samples on the market. Price Right Give Us a Call.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY

EXCURSIONS TO THE EAST AND RETURN \$47.40

—TO—

MONTREAL, TORONTO, and All Points West thereof

Tickets on sale Dec. 5th to 31st, good for three months, with stop-over privileges.

Corresponding Low Rates to Points East of Montreal, in QUEBEC and MARITIME PROVINCES

EXCURSIONS TO THE OLD COUNTRY

Tourist Sleeping Cars on all trains to Montreal and Toronto.

These cars are provided with bedding, cooking range, dining tables, and are in charge of a porter.

Apply for particulars to W. L. WAITE, agent, Qu'Appelle, or to ROBE KERR, Traffic Manager, Winnipeg.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS ROYAL MAIL LINES.

Nearest and quickest route to the Old Country.

	From New York.	Due
Tenimie	White Star Line.	Dec. 2
Britannia	Red Star Line.	Dec. 3
Westland	Red Star Line.	Dec. 4
Southwick	American Line.	Dec. 5
St. Paul	American Line.	Dec. 6
Paris	Canard Line.	Dec. 7
Campania	Canard Line.	Dec. 8
Umbria	Canard Line.	Dec. 9
	From St. John, N.B.	
Lake Huron	Beaver Line.	Dec. 10
Lake Superior	Beaver Line.	Dec. 11
	From Halifax.	
Manitoba	Allan Line.	Dec. 5
Nanaimo	Allan Line.	Dec. 19

Cabins \$10, \$15, \$20, \$25, \$30, \$40, \$50, \$60, \$70, \$80, \$90, \$100, \$120, \$150, \$200, \$250, \$300, \$400, \$500, \$600, \$700, \$800, \$900, \$1,000, \$1,200, \$1,500, \$2,000, \$2,500, \$3,000, \$4,000, \$5,000, \$6,000, \$7,000, \$8,000, \$9,000, \$10,000, \$12,000, \$15,000, \$20,000, \$25,000, \$30,000, \$40,000, \$50,000, \$60,000, \$70,000, \$80,000, \$90,000, \$100,000, \$120,000, \$150,000, \$200,000, \$250,000, \$300,000, \$400,000, \$500,000, \$600,000, \$700,000, \$800,000, \$900,000, \$1,000,000, \$1,200,000, \$1,500,000, \$2,000,000, \$2,500,000, \$3,000,000, \$4,000,000, \$5,000,000, \$6,000,000, \$7,000,000, \$8,000,000, \$9,000,000, \$10,000,000, \$12,000,000, \$15,000,000, \$20,000,000, \$25,000,000, \$30,000,000, \$40,000,000, \$50,000,000, \$60,000,000, \$70,000,000, \$80,000,000, \$90,000,000, \$100,000,000, \$120,000,000, \$150,000,000, \$200,000,000, \$250,000,000, \$300,000,000, \$400,000,000, \$500,000,000, \$600,000,000, \$700,000,000, 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